

Cambridge International AS & A Level

BIOLOGY**9700/53**

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

May/June 2024

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 30

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2024 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **11** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

PUBLISHED**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Science-Specific Marking Principles

1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.

2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.

3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).

4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

5 'List rule' guidance

For questions that require ***n*** responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):

- The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
- Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards ***n***.
- Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards ***n***.
- Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
- Non-contradictory responses after the first ***n*** responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

6 Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g. $a \times 10^n$) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

7 Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

PUBLISHED**Mark scheme abbreviations:**

;	separates marking points
/	alternative answers for the same point
A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
R	reject
I	ignore
()	the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
underline	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
AVP	alternative valid point

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	<i>independent variable</i> type of blood vessel / artery <u>and</u> vein <u>and</u> <i>dependent variable</i> mass required to break (the blood vessel) ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks												
1(a)(ii)	any six from: 1 method to cut the blood vessel ; 2 method to measure blood vessel of, same / stated, length / AW ; 3 <i>idea of</i> discard samples that are damaged ; 4 <i>idea of</i> waiting (to see if the blood vessel breaks) before adding the next (10 g) mass ; 5 use, artery and vein / blood vessels, from the same source ; 6 add (10 g) masses, to the mass hanger, until the blood vessel breaks ; 7 <i>idea of</i> measuring mass of mass hanger / including mass of mass hanger ; 8 for each type of blood vessel, measure / note / record / AW, (total) mass when the blood vessel broke ; 9 use at least three measurements for each type of blood vessel <u>and</u> calculate a mean ; 10 safety comment with hazard <u>and</u> precaution ; <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>hazard</th><th>risk</th><th>precaution</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>knife / scalpel</td><td>injury</td><td>cut away from hand</td></tr> <tr> <td>blood vessels</td><td>biohazard / pathogens / allergy</td><td>gloves / mask / PPE / use disinfectant / wash hands</td></tr> <tr> <td>mass hanger falling</td><td>injury</td><td>suitable precaution to prevent injury</td></tr> </tbody> </table> 11 <i>idea of</i> repeat procedure with smaller mass intervals near to breaking mass ;	hazard	risk	precaution	knife / scalpel	injury	cut away from hand	blood vessels	biohazard / pathogens / allergy	gloves / mask / PPE / use disinfectant / wash hands	mass hanger falling	injury	suitable precaution to prevent injury	6
hazard	risk	precaution												
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Question	Answer	Marks																					
1(b)(i)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>mass added / g</th><th>length of vein / mm</th><th>percentage increase in length of ring of vein</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>21</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>10</td><td>36</td><td>71</td></tr> <tr> <td>20</td><td>38</td><td>81</td></tr> <tr> <td>30</td><td>40</td><td>90</td></tr> <tr> <td>40</td><td>41</td><td>95</td></tr> <tr> <td>50</td><td>41</td><td>95</td></tr> </tbody> </table> three values correct ;; one or two correct max 1	mass added / g	length of vein / mm	percentage increase in length of ring of vein	0	21	0	10	36	71	20	38	81	30	40	90	40	41	95	50	41	95	2
mass added / g	length of vein / mm	percentage increase in length of ring of vein																					
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10	36	71																					
20	38	81																					
30	40	90																					
40	41	95																					
50	41	95																					
1(b)(ii)	1 to make a valid comparison (with other blood vessels / veins) ; 2 allows comparison as, initial / starting, length (of veins) is, not constant / AW ;	1																					
1(b)(iii)	1 correct orientation for axes <u>and</u> linear scale ; 2 axes labelled <u>and</u> units; 3 all points plotted correctly <u>and</u> line drawn accurately ;	3																					
1(b)(iv)	1 curve for artery starts at same point as the vein ; 2 curve for artery below curve for vein <u>and</u> does not intersect ;	2																					

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)(v)	any two from: 1 starts at, same point / origin, as using percentage increase ; 2 (muscular) arteries have a thicker, wall / tunica media / muscle layer (than the vein) or 3 (muscular) arteries have more (smooth) muscle (than the vein) ; 4 <i>idea of</i> (muscular artery) withstands more (blood) pressure so stretches less (than the vein) ;	2
1(b)(vi)	any two from: 1 use smaller mass intervals ; 2 extend the range of the masses added ; 3 use a, force meter / Newton meter / data logger / AW, (to apply force) ; 4 attach a, pointer / fiducial mark, to the ring of blood vessel (to improve length measurement / removing parallax) ; 5 use, same / stated, width of blood vessel ;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 cm ³ of stock solution to 149 cm ³ of distilled water ; (dilution factor is) 150 ;	2
2(b)	any one from: 1 measure from, top of the soil / bottom of stem / AW, to top of the stem / AW ; 2 straighten the stem (while measuring length) ; 3 place string along stem, and measure length of string ;	1
2(c)(i)	1.9 ;	1
2(c)(ii)	any one from: 1 (mean stem) length was measured, in / to the nearest, cm ; 2 many anomalies in the results / identified anomaly ; 3 no statistical test carried out ;	1
2(c)(iii)	any one from: 1 measure lengths in mm ; 2 <i>idea of</i> repeat high concentration GA ₃ experiment (to check anomaly) ; 3 measure, at same time every day / for more days ; 4 measure more seedlings / increase sample size ;	1
2(d)	(SE =) 0.067 ; (95% CI =) 1.38 ± 0.13 ;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(e)	any three from: 1 highest (concentration of) GA₈ with, red light / 680 nm or lowest (concentration of) GA₁ with, blue light / 470 nm or highest (concentration of) GA₁, in the dark / with no light ; 2 lower (concentration of) GA₁ for all wavelengths of light (compared to dark) or higher (concentration of) GA₈ for all wavelengths of light (compared to dark) ; 3 95% CI, does not overlap (for the lower concentration of GA₁ for all wavelengths of light), so there is a significant difference or 95% CI, does not overlap, (higher concentration of GA₈ for all of the wavelengths of light), so there is a significant difference ;	3